

LESSON 13

Name _____

Joseph and the Migration to Egypt

Directions: Read the cited scripture passages and related biblical footnotes to help you to fill in the blanks for each item.

1. Read Genesis 37:1-36.
Because Israel loved his son _____ the best, his other sons were _____. Joseph had a dream that he would be _____. This only enraged his brothers who plotted to kill him. _____ convinced the brothers not to kill Joseph but to sell him to the _____. The brothers dipped Joseph's tunic in _____ and showed it to Israel as proof of Joseph's _____. Joseph ended up in the country of _____ working as slave in the house of _____, the chief steward of the pharaoh.
2. Read Genesis 39:1-13.
Joseph was accused by the _____ of Potiphar for a crime which he did not commit. For this crime, Joseph was taken to _____ where he was placed in charge of the other prisoners.
3. Read Genesis 40:1-23.
Meanwhile, the royal cupbearer and the royal baker both offended the Pharaoh and were _____. While in jail, both had dreams which Joseph was able to _____. It was _____ news for the _____ but good news for the _____.
4. Read Genesis 41:1-57.
Two years later, Pharaoh had two dreams. In the first, Pharaoh saw _____. The ugly cows ate up the _____. In the second dream, Pharaoh saw seven _____ and seven _____. The seven thin ears swallowed the _____. The cupbearer remembered that Joseph was able to interpret his dream, so he suggested to Pharaoh to bring _____ from the _____ to interpret his dreams. Joseph told Pharaoh that each dream had the same meaning. There would be seven years of _____ and then seven years of _____. Pharaoh was so impressed with Joseph that Pharaoh placed him _____. Joseph married the woman named _____ and had two sons named _____ and _____. Seven years later when the famine began, Joseph rationed out the _____.
5. Read Genesis 42:1-38.
Israel told his remaining sons to go to Egypt and _____. The only son to stay behind was _____. When the brothers arrived to buy grain, Joseph recognized them and accused them of being _____. Joseph did say that he would release them, holding _____ as a hostage until they returned with _____ to prove their story. When the brothers returned to Canaan and told their story to father, Israel would not let Benjamin go to Egypt.

Lesson 13 continued

6. Read Genesis 43:1-34.
When the rations finally ran out, the brothers convinced their father to let them go back to Egypt with _____ to get Simeon and purchase more grain. As gifts for Joseph, the brothers brought with them _____.
7. Read Genesis 44:1-34.
Before leaving, Joseph ordered that a _____ be placed in Benjamin's sack. When the brothers had left, Joseph had them tracked down and accused of _____. The one whose bag contained the stolen object was to become Joseph's slave as _____ for the crime. The brothers, however, knew that Benjamin was their father's favorite since Joseph's disappearance, and if he lost Benjamin, too, Israel would _____. Another brother, therefore, offered to take Benjamin's place. That brother was _____.
8. Read Genesis 45:1-28.
Joseph finally revealed to his brothers his true identity. Joseph claimed that it wasn't his brothers who arranged for him to be sent to Egypt, but _____ so that Joseph could be there in order to _____. Joseph and Pharaoh made arrangements for Joseph's entire family to move to Egypt and settle in the land of _____.
9. Find the following answers in Genesis 46-50
Jacob and his family moved to Egypt and Israel was united with his son Joseph. When Israel died, he asked to be buried in _____ (49:29) in the cave purchased by Abraham. Also buried there were five others: _____ (49:31). Joseph's brothers feared that after their father's death, Joseph would take revenge on them (50:20), but Joseph reassures them that "even though you meant much harm to me, God _____." The book of Genesis concludes with the death of Joseph and sets the stage for the most important book in the Torah, the book of _____.