

Name _____ # _____

Period _____

Assignment Name _____

Due Date _____

A Sprint Through Salvation History

Salvation History: The Story of God's _____ and the people's _____ over many _____.

The history and the _____ of ancient Israel were intertwined.

Biblical Timeline (p. 1806 ff)

Biblical Prehistory is the period before biblical _____ happened.

Why do we call the period humankind existed before the biblical era "prehistory?"

What biblical stories fall in the category of prehistory?

History as we know it began about _____ with the development of early forms of _____.

The biblical period covers from @1850 BC (the beginnings of Israel) till @ _____ AD (about _____ years)

The Founders and the Promise

The history and the religion of the Israelites began with _____. He was a wondering herdsman or a _____ . Abraham lived @ (Year) _____ in what is now modern day _____ .

God made an _____ with Abraham. God promised to make Abraham's descendants a _____

to the world and to give them the land of _____ (also known as _____).

The descendants of Abraham would reveal _____ to the world.

Abraham's son is _____. His grandson is _____ who would later be called Israel.

These three men are called Patriarchs, or _____ , of the Jewish faith. (Joseph, one of the sons of Jacob is, in many cases, considered a patriarch of Israel.)

The Exodus of the Israelites and the Covenant.

The descendants of Abraham experience a _____ and move to Egypt at the end of the Book of Genesis.

At the beginning of the Book of Exodus, the descendants of Abraham are enslaved by the _____.

_____ is the main character of the Exodus. Moses led the people out of _____.

Moses had a dramatic encounter with God on _____. Here, God made a _____

with Moses. The Israelites part of the covenant was to keep the _____. God's part of the

covenant was to make the Israelites " _____ " and to be with them always.

Once, again, God promised them the land of _____. But, they had to wander _____ years in the desert.

Taking Over the Promised Land.

After Moses, _____ led the Israelites into Canaan. During 1250 BC to 1000 BC the Israelites fought battles with

the people of this region. The military leaders for the Israelites were called _____.

During this time the Israelites abandoned their nomadic ways and adopted a more settled _____.

The Nation and the Temple.

Around _____, Israel became recognized as a nation. David was anointed _____ and the capital city was _____.

God made a _____ with David that his _____ would endure forever. David's son _____

built the Temple in _____. As both a _____ and _____ capital, Jerusalem became a great and holy city.

The Kings and the Prophets.

After _____'s death, the nation divided. The Northern Kingdom was called _____

the Southern Kingdom was called _____. What created hardships for the people? _____

Kings during this time practiced _____, the worship of other gods!

Who spoke out against both kingdom's injustices to the people and infidelity to God? _____

Prophets questioned the behavior of the _____ and called their people back to the the _____.

Yet, the kingdoms continued to _____ the poor and _____ pagan gods until they both were

eventually crushed by powerful conquerors. The _____ conquered the Northern Kingdom in 721 BC and the _____ conquered Judah, including Jerusalem in _____ BC.

The Babylonian Exile and the Jewish Dispersion.

While in Babylon, the _____ encouraged the people to repent of their sins and turn back to _____. Second _____ proclaimed that God was the one and ONLY _____.

Define monotheism.

The Babylonian Exile lasted _____ years. The _____ defeated the Babylonians. The Exiles were free to return home to Judah. However, Judah was no longer an independent _____. It had become a district within the _____ Empire and the returning exiles became known as the _____, from Judah.

The Jews rebuilt the _____, and under Ezra and _____ re-established the Law and restored Jerusalem.

Define Jews of the Diaspora.

More Oppression

Who conquered the Persian Empire in 330 BC?

How long did the Greeks overlord the Jews?

Who captured Jerusalem in 63 BC?

The Romans were tolerant of other _____ and _____. Yet, the Roman Empire severely punished anyone who _____ against them. This period of occupation was brutal and dark for the Jews. Many Jews looked for the coming of a _____ -- one sent by God to save them. Some expected this messiah to be from the family line of _____.