

K / 25

1. Evaluate. K4

a) $\sqrt{\frac{4}{9}} = \frac{2}{3}$

b) $\sqrt{100-36} = \sqrt{64}$
 $= 8$

c) $\sqrt[3]{-27}$
 $= -3$

d) $\sqrt[4]{-16}$
NUMSET. Can't do.

2. Simplify fully. K6

a) $\sqrt{18}$
 $= \sqrt{9} \times \sqrt{2}$
 $= 3\sqrt{2}$

b) $\sqrt{72}$
 $= \sqrt{36} \times \sqrt{2}$
 $= 6\sqrt{2}$

c) $3\sqrt{50}$
 $= 3 \times \sqrt{25} \times \sqrt{2}$
 $= 3 \times 5\sqrt{2}$
 $= 15\sqrt{2}$

3. Determine the mid-point of the line segment between (5, -3) and (-1, -7). K5

$$M_{AB} = \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{5 + (-1)}{2}, \frac{-3 + (-7)}{2} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{4}{2}, \frac{-10}{2} \right)$$

$$= (2, -5)$$

\therefore The midpoint of the line segment is (2, -5).

4. A line segment has a mid-point of $(2, \frac{3}{4})$ and one end-point at $(5, -1)$
Determine the other endpoint. K5

$$M(x, y) = \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$$

$$2 = \frac{5 + x}{2} \checkmark$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{-1 + y}{2} \checkmark$$

$$4 = 5 + x$$

$$\underline{-1 = x} \checkmark$$

$$4(-1 + y) = 3(2)$$

$$-4 + 4y = 6$$

$$4y = 6 + 4$$

$$4y = 10$$

$$y = \frac{5}{2} \checkmark$$

\therefore The other endpoint is $(-1, \frac{5}{2})$.

5. Determine the distance between points A $(-4, -3)$ and B $(2, 9)$.
Answer in exact form? K5

$$d_{AB} = \sqrt{(x_A - x_B)^2 + (y_A - y_B)^2} \checkmark$$

$$= \sqrt{(-4 - 2)^2 + (-3 - 9)^2} \checkmark$$

$$= \sqrt{(-6)^2 + (-12)^2} \checkmark$$

$$= \sqrt{36 + 144}$$

$$= \sqrt{180} \checkmark$$

$$= \sqrt{36} \times \sqrt{5}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{6\sqrt{5}}} \checkmark$$

\therefore The distance between the points A & B is $6\sqrt{5}$ units.